

~~CLAIMS~~

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1. A loudspeaker comprising a resonant panel-form member adapted to produce an acoustic output and a vibration exciting system on the panel-form member and adapted to apply bending wave energy thereto, ^{wherein} ~~characterised in that~~ the vibration exciting system is adapted to apply a bending couple to the panel-form member.

2. A loudspeaker according to claim 1, wherein the vibration exciting system is adapted to apply torsion to the panel-form member.

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3. A loudspeaker according to claim 1 ~~or claim 2~~,
wherein the vibration exciting system is adapted to apply
shear to the panel-form member.

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4. A loudspeaker according to any one of claims 1 to 3,
15 characterised in that the vibration exciter is coupled to
the panel-form member to span a plurality of nodal lines
in the panel-form member.

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5. A loudspeaker according to ~~any preceding claim~~,¹ wherein the vibration exciting system comprises a
20 suspension on which the panel-form member is mounted, the suspension acting as a pivot about which at least a portion of an edge of the panel-form member local to the vibration exciting system can hinge.

6. A loudspeaker according to claim 5, wherein the
25 suspension is of a plastics foam of high shear stiffness.

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7. A loudspeaker according to ~~any preceding claim,~~
wherein the vibration exciting system comprises a
piezoelectric device attached to the panel-form member to

apply a bending couple thereto by introducing alternating tension and compression to the panel-form member in the plane thereof.

8. A loudspeaker according to claim 7, wherein the piezoelectric device is attached to a face of the panel-form member.

9. A loudspeaker according to ~~claim 7 or~~ claim 8, comprising mirror-image piezoelectric devices attached to opposite faces of the panel-form member.

10. A loudspeaker according to ~~any one of claims 7 to 9, when dependent on claim 5 or claim 6,~~ wherein the piezoelectric device has a portion disposed adjacent to the suspension, and a portion disposed remotely from the suspension.

11. A loudspeaker according to ~~any one of claims 7 to 11,~~ wherein the piezoelectric device is a thin strip-like device fixed to the panel-form member by adhesive.

12. A loudspeaker according to ~~any one of claims 7 to 11,~~ wherein the piezoelectric device is a unimorph device.

13. A loudspeaker according to claim 12, wherein the unimorph device comprises opposed parts arranged such that one part increases in length while the other part contracts.

14. A loudspeaker according to any preceding claim, wherein the panel-form member is transparent.

15. A loudspeaker according to ~~any one of claims 7 to 14,~~ wherein the piezoelectric device is transparent.

16. A loudspeaker according to ~~any one of claims 7 to 15,~~

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claim 1 or claims
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24. A loudspeaker according to any one of claims 1 to 6, 14, 22 or 23, wherein the vibration exciting system comprises an element rigidly coupled to and projecting 5 away from the panel-form member, and means to induce bending moments in the element.

25. A loudspeaker according to claim 24, wherein the element is generally perpendicular to the panel-form member, bending moments are produced by displacement in a 10 part of the element spaced from the panel-form member, and the displacement is generally perpendicular to the element.

26. A loudspeaker according to claim 25, wherein the displacement is effected using a piezoelectric device.

27. A loudspeaker according to ~~claim 24 or~~ claim 25, wherein the displacement is effected by an inertial device.

28. A method of making a loudspeaker having a resonant panel-form member adapted to be excited to produce an acoustic output by the application of bending wave energy, comprising defining the panel-form member, mapping the panel-form member to determine the location of nodal lines, arranging a vibration exciting system on the panel-form member to apply bending wave energy thereto, with the exciting system spanning a plurality of the nodal lines and mounting the vibration system exciting to the panel-form member to apply a couple thereto.

29. A method according to claim 28, wherein the panel-

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form member is defined in terms of geometry, size and/or mechanical impedance.

30. A method according to claim 28 or claim 29, wherein the panel-form member is mapped using finite element
5 analysis.

31. A method according to ~~any one of claims 28 to 30,~~
comprising mounting the panel-form member on a suspension
such that the suspension acts as a pivot about which an
adjacent portion of the panel-form member can hinge, and
10 arranging and mounting a vibration exciter on the adjacent
portion of the panel-form member to bend the panel-form
member.

32. A vibration exciter for applying bending wave energy
to a stiff resonant loudspeaker panel-form member and
15 adapted to apply a bending couple to the member.

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